IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA ASHEVILLE DIVISION CRIMINAL CASE NO. 1:22-cr-00003-MR-WCM-1

| UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, |) | |
|---------------------------|---|-------|
| Plaintiff, |) | |
| VS. |) | ORDER |
| BROOKYN SHEA LACKEY, |) | |
| Defendant. |) | |
| Derendant. |) | |

THIS MATTER is before the Court on the Defendant's Renewed Motion to Seal 821 Motion [Doc. 125].

On February 5, 2024, the Defendant filed a Motion to Reduce Sentence under Amendment 821. [See Doc. 116]. The Defendant also moved the Court to permanently seal this filing. [See Doc. 117]. After concluding that the Defendant had not adequately explained why the entire document needed to be sealed, the Court denied the Defendant's motion to seal without prejudice. [Doc. 124]. However, it allowed the document to remain sealed while the Defendant refiled the motion to seal. [Id.]. The Defendant has now filed a renewed motion to permanently seal her Motion for Reduced Sentence under Amendment 821. [Doc. 125].

Before sealing a court document, the Court must "(1) provide public notice of the request to seal and allow interested parties a reasonable opportunity to object, (2) consider less drastic alternatives to sealing the documents, and (3) provide specific reasons and factual findings supporting its decision to seal the documents and for rejecting the alternatives." Ashcraft v. Conoco, Inc., 218 F.3d 288, 302 (4th Cir. 2000).

In the present case, the public has been provided with adequate notice and an opportunity to object to the Defendant's motion to seal. Defendant filed her original motion to seal on February 5, and her renewed motion on May 16, 2024, and both have been accessible to the public through the Court's electronic case filing system since those dates. addition to filing a renewed motion to seal, the Defendant has also now filed a redacted version of her motion for reduced sentence that is accessible to the public. [See Doc. 126]. Further, the Defendant has demonstrated that the unredacted motion to reduce sentence contains sensitive information concerning the Defendant and that the public's right of access to such information is substantially outweighed by the Defendant's competing interest in protecting the details of such information. See United States v. Harris, 890 F.3d 480, 492 (4th Cir. 2018). Finally, having considered less drastic alternatives to sealing the document, the Court concludes that sealing

of the Defendant's unredacted motion for reduced sentence is necessary to

protect the Defendant's privacy interests.

Having reviewed both the Defendant's unredacted and redacted

motions for reduced sentence, the Court finds that the portions of the motion

that the Defendant has redacted contain case material and information of the

nature that is ordinarily sealed and appropriate to be shielded from public

access. See Harris, 890 F.3d at 492. Accordingly, the Defendant's renewed

motion to seal is granted.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that the Defendant's Renewed Motion

to Seal Amendment 821 Motion [Doc. 125] is GRANTED, and the

Defendant's unredacted Motion for Reduced Sentence under Amendment

821 [Doc. 116] shall remain under seal until further Order of the Court.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Signed: May 27, 2024

Martin Reidinger

Chief United States District Judge

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